It Souds the Sandry Civil Mill to a Conference und Adopts a Benefution to Take a Vote on the World's Pair Appropriation of 85,500,000 as a Separate Measure at 1 O'clock To-day-The Seaste Waiting to See Whether the House Votes the Money for the Pair Sefere Conventing to Strike the Item from the Sundry Civil Bill,

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The House began this morning to carry out the agreement reported by the Advisory Committee and adopted by the Democratic caucus yesterday. After the journal had been read and adopted, Mr. Catchings (Dom., Miss.), from the Committee on Rules, reported a resolution making this Sus-Consion day, which was adopted. Then Mr. Holman (Dem., Ind.) submitted a resolution extending the appropriations under the Civil bill until Aug. 10, which was agreed to. Mr. Holman then offered a resolution that the House should reconsider the vote by which it decided to recede from its disagreement to the Senate amendments in the Sundry Civil bill, insist upon a further dis agreement, and send it to conference again

He moved its passage.

Mr. Bingham (Rep., Pa.) said that personally he had no information about the action of the Advisory Committee except that obtained from the public pross. There was an agreement on the Republican side of the House that the appropriations should be extended for six days. All preliminary proceedings had been concurred in by the Republicans in order that the Sundry Civil bill should go to conference. He thought the House was en titled to some explanation of the agreement

and the plan proposed.

Mr. Reilly (Dem., Pa.) then read the proposition, and said that in the interest of public business the Advisory Committee had sub mitted the agreement as the best solution possible under the circumstances. He hoped there would be no obstruction to the proposition, and said that if there was he had n doubt that the necessary cloture rule could be obtained from the Committee on Rules to compel a vote. There had not been a dissenting voice in the caucus of 120 Democrats.

Mr. Oates (Dom., Ala.) said the action of the Democratic caucus did not bind any one's vote, but he thought that it did imply that no filibustering should be indulged in. Mr. McMillin said there was no agreement

which negatived the idea that the Durborow bill could be amended, altered, or treated in the same way as any other bill.

Mr. Henderson (Rep., Iowa) said he understood the situation to be that the World's Fair advocates had such assurances as justified them in bringing in this method with the hope of carrying the \$2,500,000 gift outright.

Mr. Dingley (Rep., Mc.) said there was no disposition to obstruct or interfere on his side. They had not been a party to any deal. The majority in control of the House had selected its method of procedure, and a small minority had flibustered and prevented the majority from making an appropriation favored by it. The majority had met the Issue thus presented. Instead of bringing in a rule which would enable the majority to express its will, the causes had selected its course of action. His side would not interpose any obstruction calculated to prevent the carrying out of the plan proposed. Whatever might be the result, the responsibility must rest with the majority. He closed by saying: "Accept it and go home." Mr. Holman moved the passage of the resolution, and it was passed—yeas 141, nays 50.

The Speaker appointed Messrs. Holman. Bayers, and Binglam as confered a resolution, and it was passed—yeas 141, nays 50.

The Speaker appointed Messrs. Holman. Bayers, and Binglam as confered a resolution, and naked its passage, that the House should proceed to consider a substitute for the Durborow bill appropriating \$2,500,000 at once, and to vote upon it to-morrow at 1 o'clock, no intervening motion to be entertained until the bill shall have been fully and finally disposed of. A second on this resolution was ordered—163 to 5.

Mr. Balley (Dem. Tex.) said he supposed it was useless to enter his protest, but he was opposed to lending any aid to this mercliess corporation. He was in a hopeless minority, and yet it was their duty to oppose this high-handed and unprecedented proceeding. The resolution violated the agreement of the Democrate to reflect upon the attitude in which they placed themselves. The Democratic party was about to disgrace itself. (Applants of the Whole on the Durborow was legislative Mr. Henderson (Rep., Iowa) said he understood the situation to be that the World's Fair advocates had such assurances as justified

members, however, to be extended to ten minutes.

Mr. Holman (Dem., Ind.) submitted an amendment to appropriate \$50,000 for an Indian exhibit, \$50,000 for a woman's industrial exhibit, and \$50,000 for an exhibit by the colored race. Rejected.

Mr. Pickler (Rep., S. D.) submitted an amendment to appropriate \$5,000,000 instead of \$2,500,000. Rejected.

Mr. Atkinson (Rep., Pa.) offered an amendment to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors on the Exposition grounds, and making the appropriation a condition precedent thereto.

Mr. Pickler (Rep., S. D.) moved to amend by prohibiting the sale of liquor in the House of Representatives restaurant. Results of Representatives restaurant. Results of the House of Representatives restaurants of the House of Representatives restaurants. Results of the House of Representatives restaurants of the House of Representatives restaurants. Results of the House of Representatives restaurants of the House of Representatives restaurants. Results of the House of Representatives restaurants of the House of Representatives restaurants. Results of the House of Representatives restaurants of the House of Representatives restaurants. Results of the House of Representatives restaurants. Results of the House of Representatives and the House of Representatives and the House of Representatives and the House of Results of the House of Representatives and the House of Representat

ing, and he thought the americanea was entriely in order. Self-preservation was the first law of nature.

Mr. Buchanan (Rep., N. J.) said that the proposition was absurd. The gentleman from South Dakota was ingenuous. Men who came to Congress were working men and sober men. Otherwise they would not have the strength and popularity to reach here. They had something to de besides tippling at the bar, and they did their duty. He asked Mr. Pickler why he had introduced such an amendment.

Mr. Pickler replied that it seemed to be a proper subject for an investigating committee. Mr. Buchanan said that not one word of testimony on this subject had been taken. He favored the Fair appropriation and he wanted the bill stripped of all extraneous issues.

Mr. Butler (Dem., Iowa) criticised Mr. Pickler for his action in profering such an amendment.

Mr. Butler (Dem., Iowa) criticised Mr. Pickler for his action in proficring such an amendment.

Mr. Pickler—Did you not swear before the Investigating Committee that you had seen members drunk on the floor?

Mr. Butler—I was compelled to tell the truth under cath. (Shouts of laughter.)

Mr. Dickerson (Dem., Ky.) inquired if that was the only time that the member from Iowa told the truth. (Laughter.)

Hoth amendments were lost.

Mr. De Armond (Dem., Mo.) offered an amendment allowing the World's Fair management to have coined at their expense sufficient silver buildon, in such designs as they may select, to the extent of \$5,000,000. He advocated the amendment on the ground that this was a proper and, as he believed, the hest solution of this vexed question. The World's Fair people would get the seniorage and the premium on the coins, which would amount, in his opinion, to nearly \$4,000,000. The amendment was rejected.

Mr. Breckinridge (Dem., Ark.) offered an amendment providing that articles imported for the Exposition shall have plainly marked upon them, in denominations of American money, the price at which they are imported. The committee at 5 o'clock rose and the House adjourned until to-morrow.

In the Senate.

The first business of the Senate (thirteen Re publicans and twelve Democrats being present. and making little over half a quorum) was to act on the House resolution extending ap propriations to Aug. 10, which was reporte just as soon as the journal was read. Mr Allison (Rep., Iowa), Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, asked unanimous consent that the Senate concur in this extension. The resolution was passed.

Mr. Allison then moved a recess until 1:30 to give time for the extension resolution to be

emphatic protest that the enormous number of sub-investigating committees appointed for the rece—would be disgraceful to the Senate, and the motion was defeated.

* recess was then taken until 1:30 P. M. At 1:35 the Chief Clerk of the House made his appearance in the Senate and announced the action of the House in "iurther disagreeing" to the Senate amendments to the Sundry Civil bill, and the signature of the Speaker to the resolution continuing appropriations til the 10th inst. The latter was promptly signed by the Vice-President and sent to the White House.

the resolution continuing appropriations till the loth inst. The latter was promptly signed by the Vice-President and sent to the White House.

On motion of Mr. Allison the Senate then adjourned till 2 P. M. to-morrow.

The probabilities are that the Senate will pass the Duborow World's Fair bill in its amended form, with the amount reduced from \$5,000,000 to \$2,500,000 if it passes the House; but if the House rejects it, or acts in a manner that a majority of Senators believe to be a breach of good faith, the result may be an indefinite prolongation of the session. That the Senate understands that it holds the key to the situation is shown by its action to-day in adjourning until 2 P. M. to-morrow an hour after the time set by the House for voting on the Durborow bill, and it is likely that the Senate will delay the appointment of its conferrees on the Sundry Civil bill until after the House has expressed itself on the Fair appropriation. Senators do not hesitate to say that the rejection of the appropriation by the House may result in a prolongation of the session, as many Fenators have resolved to do all in their power to prevent an adjournment until relief is afforded the Exposition.

Outside of the World's Fair disagreement, there is only one other amendment to the Sundry Civil bill to be acted upon by the two Houses before a day for adjournment can be named. The Senate added to the bill an item of \$1,200 for extra police in Washington eity during the Grand Army encampment. The House concurred in this amendment, but with an amendment of its own intended to affect the Carnegie company's contracts with the Government and reading as follows:

"It shall not be lawful for any officer of the Government and reading as follows:
"It shall not be lawful for any officer of the Contract with any person, itm, or corporation who emplays linkerton detectives or any other association of men as armed guards, and no employee of said linkerton detective agency or similar agency shall be employed in any Government service or

THE CHARGES AGAINST COL. RYDER Secretary Foster Believes Him Innocent and Will Not Recall Him,

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4 .- Officials of the State Department, including Secretary Foster, do not believe the despatches from Brussels which say that Consul Henry B. Ryder has been kept in office through the influence of a clique of State Department officials in the face of the fact that he is known to be an embezzler. To THI Sun correspondent to-day Secretary Foster said that there was no foundation whatever for these charges. It is not true, he said, that Minister Carr had frequently, or at any time. recommended the removal of Mr. Byder, and, so far as the State Department is informed. the Consul is entirely innocent. In fact, the department has no information on the subject of his alleged criminality, and therefore it has decided not to recall him or to take any action in the matter until after a legal in vestigation as to his guilt.

As far as the State Department is informed. Mr. liyder is a capable and intelligent official. He is little known in America, however, and has had no career here since the war. He has been the Consul at Copenhagen for eighteen years, and for nearly six years before that

been the Consul at Copenhagen for eighteen years, and for nearly six years before that time he was the Consul at Chemnitz. He is a naturalized American citizen, having been born in Scandinavia of Jewish parents, and emigrated to the United States thirty years age. He served in the war in a New York regiment, and was so seriously wounded by a bullet through his throat that he has since breathed with the assistance of a silvertuie, the operation of tracheotomy having been performed upon him by the army surgeons. He now draws a pension from this tovernment, a bill having been passed by Congress for his relief. Immediately after the war he was appointed to a clerkship in the Custom Heuse in New York city, which he held until he was appointed Consul at Chemnitz.

In St. Clair, Chief of the Consular Bureau, corroborates the statement of Secretary Foster that it is not true that Minister Carr has several times, or at any time, recommended Mr. Ryder's removal, and says that as far as he knows the Consul is a meritorious official. When the Democratic party secured control of the Administration in 1885 there was great pressure brought to bear upon the State Department for the removal of Republican Consuls, and there was an especial effort made by naturalized Scandinavian citizens to be appointed as Mr. Ryder's successor. Dr. St. Clair was called upon when the Harrison Administration came in for an official statement as to the record of Consul Ryder. Although not a friend or admirer of Mr. Ryder, whom he has known for many years, Dr. St. Clair was came in for an official statement as to the record of Consul Ryder. Although not a friend or admirer of Mr. Ryder, whom he has known for many years, Dr. St. Clair was compelled to report to the Secretary that Mr. Ryder had performed his duties faithfully, intelligently, and well, and that there was no reason why he should be removed, except on political grounds. The yarlous Secretaries of State adopted has an official of the department in good standing.

of the charges brought against him, and untilhe is convicted he will be regarded as an official of the department in good standing.

It does not seem possible that there is any
clique in the department interested in covering up the shorteomings of Mr. Ryder, because most of the prominent officials were not
in office at the time he was appointed. Two
of the oldest men in the service are Dr. St.
Clair and Chief Clerk Brown. Both of them
disavow any personal interest in the subject.
They have never attempted to secure Mr.
Ryder's retention in office; they are not intersted in him in any way, and they have never ested in him in any way, and they have never heard his integrity called into question be

UNCLE SAM WON'T PROTEST.

Pacific by a British Cruiser.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.-The statement is published that the British cruiser Champion has seized Johnson Island in the Pacific Ocean in the name of Great Britain. It is said at the State Department that the United States has exercised jurisdictional right over the Island since 1858, when an American guano company landed a party thereon and occupied it. Territorial jurisdiction has never been claimed by the United States, and the island has never by the United States, and the island has never been annexed. The United States would exert its jurisdictional right over the island to protect the guano company in the pursuit of their avocations, but it is said there would be no conflict with the territorial jurisdiction set forward by any other Government.

The island of Navarra, in the neighborhood of flayti, does not belong to the United States, yet, from the accupancy of it by an American guano company, the United States exerts a jurisdictional power, and in the case of riot and murder thereon the criminals were tried and murder thereon the definicial by a foreign power might be resented as an eneroncoment on the Monroe doctrine, but in the case of a desert rock in the Pacific Ocean, far from land and of no strategic value, this Government would probably do no more this Government would probably do no more than protect the commercial company in its rights to gather guano.

HIGHWAYMEN AT EAGLE ROCK. They Attempted to Hob Walker Corbin, bu

NEWALE, Aug. 4.-While Walker Corbin and wife of Montclair were riding near Eagle Rock, last night, two men rushed through the bushes, and one caught the horse by the bridle while the other came close to the carriage and demanded money. Mr. Corbin brought the butt end of his whip down on the fellow's head, while the horse, a spirited one, started up suddenly, knocking the other highwayman sprawling in the dust. Mrs. Corbin fainted, but her husband succeeded in driving the carriage out of danger. The police were notified, but the highwaymen got away.

Fire Causes a Panie in a Town. JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Aug. 4.- The town of Borden, about eighteen miles from here, was visited by a disastrous fire at noon yesterday yisited by a disastrons fire at noon yesterday and almost two-thirds of the town was destroyed. Eleven men were prostrated by the heat while fighting the fire. The people became panie-stricken at the advance of the flames, and it was with difficulty that they could be secured to begin the work of extinguishing the fire. Out of the twelve men injured, two will probably die. The loss, it is believed, will be about \$30,000.

A Conveyancer Shor: \$150,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 4 .- William B. hobins, attorney and conveyancer at 720 Walnut street, this city, has disappeared, and it is alleged that the discrepancies in which he is in-

THE NEW STATES.

More Hosebud Commonwealths in This them in Any Previous Presidential Election. Until the admission of Idaho. Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Washington, and Wyoming, which, for the first time, are to vote in a Presidential election this year, the increase of the number of new States did not keep pace with the growth of the population. From 1800 to 1890 the population of the country increased from 30,000,000 to 60,000,000, but only five new States were admitted to the Union during that time. Kansas was admitted in 1861, West Virginia in 1863, Nevada in 1864, Nebraska in 1867, and Colorado in 1876. The political complications attending

the admission of Colorado were numerous. The agitation for Statehood began as early as 1864, when an enabling act was passed and a State Constitution was adopted. Congress agreed to the admission of the State, but President Johnson vetoed the bill. In 1807 a secondact to admit Colorado passed both Houses, but it was balked again by voto. Another State Constitution was adopted in 1876, and the State was admitted in August of that year At the election of 1874 the Democrats had carried Colorado by 2,000 majority, and, confident that the Territory had swung into the Demoeratic column for good, the Democratic House passed the bill of admission and the leading Democrats relied on the three electoral votes of Colorado in the contest of 187d. The Legislature of Colorado took upon itself the choice of electors instead of submitting it to the popular vote. In the Legislature were fifty Republicans and twenty-four Democrats, and consequently Hayes and Wheeler

received the three votes of the State. As it turned out, Colorado determined the resuit of the Presidential election, for without its votes, even after the Returning Board villanies in the South and the Electoral Commission fraud in Washington, Haves had, without Colorado's three votes, 182 electoral votes,

and Tilden 184. The six new States have, collectively, twenty electoral votes, and unless all present indications are at fault they will be cast in favor of the Republican electoral ticket this year. There is, however, likely to be a dispute in the matter, for the preferences of the electors in each State will be determined by popular vote. and not by the intervention of the Legislature of either State, as was the case in Colorado sixteen years ago.

Idaho has an area of 84,000 miles and a population of 84,835. Covering an area larger than the whole of New England and the State of New Jorsey, it has less than the total name. lation of two Assembly districts of New York city, and if its population should be diffused, not enough inhabitants are within its boundaries, or were not at the last census, to leave one person to a square mile. Idaho was pretty steadily Republican while a Territory. Out of

person to a square mile. Idaho was pretty steadily Republican while a Territory. Out of 18,000 votes it gave the Republicans a majority of 1,700 in 1889, and 2,300 in 1800. It has a Republican Governor, and the Legislature in Republican Governor, and the Legislature in Republican in both branches.

Montana is the closest of the new States, and the only one in which the Democrats may have a fighting chance. It was partly on that account that the selection of Thomas H. Carter as Chairman of the Republican National Committee was agreed to, for Mr. Carter is a Montana man, and his influence as Land Commissioner was extensive in that State, which it is surposed, with reason, he will be able to hold in line for Harrison. Montana is more sparsely settled than Idaho. It has an area of 140,000 square miles, and a population of 132,000. It is bigger than England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Holland, and Belgium combined. It has less population than Jersey City. It was carried by the Republicans by 5,000 majority in the election of Congressmen in 1889. A year later it swung over to the Democratic column by a majority of 500, and in 1890 it was so close that neither party had a majority, but the Democratic candidate for Congress had a plurality of 283 votes in a total of 31,000. The State Legislature is divided, the Democrats having the Senate and the Republicans have a majority of one vote. All of the State officers, with the exception of Governor, and all of the Supreme Court Judges, are Republicans.

North Dakota is overwhelmingly Republican. It has an area of 75,000 square miles and a population of 182,000. The state officers are Republican, and both branches of the Legislature are Republicans. The present Republican majority of 12,000. The State officers are Republican, and both branches of the Legislature are Republican of 182,000. As a Territory it was never carried by the Democratic in an election, and it is an unpromising field for Democratic recruits. The present Republican majority of 12,000. The State bas three e

South Dakota is but little bigger than its northern neighbor in point of square miles, but it has a population of 328,000—less than half of that of Connecticut. South Dakota is one of the States in which the Farmers Alliance was particularly strong two years ago. James H. Ryle, who calls himself an Indocrat, is one of its United States Senators, and the Farmers' Alliance candidate for Governor in 1839, polled 24,000 votos, against 34,000 for the Bepublican and 18,000 for the Democratic nominess. At the election of the previous year, however, the Republican majority for Governor was 30,000. The State had a special election to fill a vacancy for member of Congress last year, and, although not contested actively, it resuited in a Republican majority for 17,000, a Farmers' Alliance vote of 14,000, and a Democratic vote of 7,000. All of the State and judicary offices are held by Republican, and both branches of the Legislature have Republican majorities. The population of the State is increasing rapidly.

Washington, although spoken of generally as one of the new Northwestern States, belongs more properly in the Pacific slope group, for it is directly north of Oregon and south of British Columbia, and is divided by mountain ridges from the agricultural States of the Northwest. It covers 60,000 square miles, and has a population of 349,000. It is overwhelmingly Republican, It gave a Republican majority of 7,389 in 1889, 8,000 in 1889. The total vote of the State is 10,000. All the present State officers are Republicans. Both branches of the Legislature are Republicans. Both branches of the Italian and Science of the Pacific slope of the State is 10,000. All the present State officers are Republicans. Both branches of the Italian by only 500 votes in a total of 100,000. In 1870, the Republican in the mountain by 1890, and 1890, and

the Sun's Guide to New York.

Replies to questions asked every day by the quests and citizens of the American metr Suggestions to sightseers and practical information for practical people. The Sun will publish, i time for use at the Columbus Celebration next Octoler, a complete, unique, and practical guide book to this city. It will tell visitors what the sights are, how to reach them, where to lodge and board while here and the cost, where to do wholesale or retail shopping, how to amuse themselves, and get rest when weavy of sightseeing. It will be attractively printed, pleasant to read, and the subject matter will be divided and arranged in a way to thaure the best results. The relail price will be 25 cents per copy. The Sun's Guide will also offer unequalled and exceptional opportunities to advertisers. Those who wish further information or this subject should address The Guide Book Department of the New York Sun.

FAIR BOOMERS REJOICE

REPUBLICANS ALSO EXPRESS THE GREATEST SATISFACTION. For the Democrate Have Committed Then

To-day on the Gift of \$2,500,000.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.- There is great rejoicing among the World's Fair boomers to-night, for thus far their scheme to obtain a gift of \$2,500,000 from Congress, without any mate rial conditions, has advanced steadily, and will doubtless be carried out to-morrow. The most remarkable feature of the fight, from a political standpoint, and the one which gives the greatest satisfaction to the Republicans, is the fact that the Democratic party in the House has committed itself to a cloture rule in order to assist the World's Fair grab. Democratic party has condemned 'Czar' Reed's gag rules on every stump, and denounced the Republicans for their at-tempt to choke off free debate on the Force bill when that measure was under consideration in the Senate during the last Congress and it is therefore but natural for Mr. Reed and his followers to vigorously applaud that portion of the compromise sanctioned by the Democratic caucus, which compels a vote to be taken upon the substitute for the Durborow bill "without interruption," to-mor-

row, Friday, at 2 o'clock. The Republican members of the House are not slow to claim that they have gained a great victory in forcing the Democrats at this late day of the session to resort to a cloture rule. in spite of the fact that they have resisted it and invelghed against it on every occasion during the past two years. An Illinois Republican, who has a reasonable amount of local pride in the Fair, declared to-day that "even if we lose the appropriation we have forced the Democrats to recognize the necessity for a cloture rule."

The Fair boomers do not count upon defeat now. Moreover, they prefer the present appropriation to the one in the Sun-dry Civil bill; yet already they are talk ing about coming back to Congress next winter for the remainder of the \$5,000,000 originally asked for. The "lobby" pranced around the corridors at the Capitol while the preliminary proceedings of the compact was being carried out to-day, and when they discovered that the unflinehing opponents of the bill could only muster nine votes not enough to filibuster with, they congratulated themselves, and many of them drove away from the Capitol in carriages which they expect to pay for out of their share of the

away from the Capitol in carriages which they expect to pay for out of their share of the grab.

It is the general sentiment of the World's Fair boomers that \$2,500,000 as a gift is much better than \$5,000,000 as a loan. It is possible, but not probable, that their rejoicing may be short lived, for a number of absent members who are said to be opposed to any appropriation whatever for the World's Fair are on their way back to Washington, and they may reach here in time to vote against the bill, although they were given to understand that the final vote would not be taken until Saturday. The World's Fair people took snap judgment on their opponents by inserting Friday instead of Saturday in the resolution presented and adopted to-day. Mr. McMillin of Tennessee endeavored to correct the resolution, but the temper of the House was against him, and he was obliged to submit.

The boomers are just a little anxieus as to how the Durborow substitute will inrein the Senate. There is no previous question to be called in that bedy, and it will be strange if the Democrats will repudinte their action on the Force bill and termit a cloture rule to be brought in. There is also danger that senator Berry, or one of the other litter opponents of the bill, may try to talk it to death.

Senator Allison, who has the Sundry Civil bill in his pecket and is expected to hold it there until the fate of the Durborow bill is decided, sat in the House for a long time this afternoon conversing with the Republican members. If by any means the Durborow bill is defeated, the Republican Senators are expected to keep the World's Fair appropriation in the Sundry Civil bill and refuse to permit an adjournment until the House yields to the demands of the Fair boomers.

ASSURANCE OF THE WRONG BORT.

It Gets Mr. Hansibal of the American Workmen's Life in Trouble. On two occasions within the last six weeks

William E. Davis, the manager of the American Workmen's Life Assurance Society, has been summoned to the Tombs Police Court to explain why certain relicies of the company were not paid. Mr. Davis got off by settling with the claimants in court. He severed his connection with the society several weeks ago, so W. Hannibal, formerly Secretary and Treasurer, has been manager of the concern. About a year ago Robert Stackhouse of 217 West Twenty-eighth street obtained a policy from the society for \$126 in favor of his brother, John Stackhouse. Robert Stackhouse is ex-Assistant United States District Attorney Stephen A. Walker's coachman.
John Stackhouse died, and his effects were turned over to his brother. The latter demanded \$126 from the society. A few dars ago, Stackhouse says, Mr. Hannibal called at 19 for the street where Streethead at 19 for the streethe

manded \$126 from the society. A few days ago, Stackhouse says, Mr. Hannihal called at 2 East Eightieth street—where Stackhouse is employed—during his absence, and, by claiming that he wanted to compare the policy with a copy in the society's office, got it from another servant. Stackhouse went to Hannibal and demanded the policy. He says Hannibal refused to give it to him. He got a warrant from Police Justice Grady for Hannibal's arrest on a charge of grand larceny.

Hannibal was arraigned at Jefferson Market yesterday. He said he was merely a clerk for the society. He acknowledged, however, that the company had Stackhouse's policy, and said that it would be returned. Justice Grady held Hannibal in \$1,500 bail for examination on Wednesday next. He couldn't furnish bail. on Wednesday next. He couldn't furnish bail. and was locked up.

More judgments were entered vesterday against Mary J. Van Doren, owner of the Holland House property, at Fifth avenue and Thirtieth street. Thomas Ennever. attorney for David Garrison, George C. Renkauff, and Edward B. Staggers, mantel manufacturers, entered judgment for \$7,076 against her, and Edward H. Ripley on a note made by her and endorsed by Mr. Ripley. The Second National Bank entered judgment against Mrs. Van Deren. Edward H. Ripley, and Amelia V. D. Ripley for \$10.184. Ripley for \$19, 184.

Another attachment has been issued against the North River Shoe and Leather Company of Yonkers for \$800 in favor of Hauselt A

Scherer.

Three judgments, aggregating \$7,733, were entered vesterday against the Wilcomb knitting Machine, Company, in favor of the American Exchange National Bank, \$5,040; Adolph De Bary, \$1,959; Robert Pearce, \$737. Emil Greef is President.

Terence Rogers, Your Brother Wauts You. Peters Rogers, a broker, called yesterday at Police Headquarters and asked the police to look for his brother Terence, 32 years old, a plasterer, who has been missing from his home, 112 Tenth avenue, since Monday. Ternome, 112 Teith avenue, since Monday. Terence was stonping at Far Rockaway with
friends until July 20, when he came to New
York. On Monday he drew some money out of
the bank and placed it in a bureau drawer.
Yesterday a messenger loy from 125th street
and Lexington avenue called at Peter Rogers's
house, in Harlem, and delivered a gold watch
and chain, the property of the missing man.
The brother said he thought Terence was
insane and would commit suicide.

Examination of Moran and Kelly Begun. The examination of Thomas Moran and Charles Kelly, two of the gang of burglars who have been breaking into country stores and country Post Offices, was begun yesterday be fore Commissioner Shields. The charge against them was breaking into the Post Offices at Thields, N.Y. and Vernon, N.J. Ambrose Purdy was their counsel, and Assistant District Attorney Maxwell Evarts conducted the prosecution. Owing to the absence of several important witnesses the examination was adjourned until next Tuesday. No new details were brought out yesterday.

Excursion of the Legion of Honor.

The American Legion of Honor will have a big time next Tuesday at Coney Island. The Associated Councils of this city have engaged two mammoth pavilions to accommodate the multitude. Over 20,000 tickets have been sold. There will be lots of fireworks, including a colossal set piece representing the emblem of the Legion. Collateral Inheritures Tax on the Tilden

ALBANY, Aug. 4. - The heirs of the late Samuel J. Tilden have paid into the State Treasury the sum of \$147.283, being the total amount of taxes under the Collateral Inheritance law which was imposed on the Tilden estate. THE CHURCH PROBLEM IN CITIES. They Should Undertake to Save Men and

Women Instead of Souls. ROUND LAKE, Aug. 3 .- The Rev. Lewis Albert Banks of Boston, where he has been conducting a church in the heart of a tenement district for seven years, delivered a lecture here this afternoon on the church problem in great cities. He took the ground that the churches are themselves responsible for the awful tenement-house distresses, which they have charged to municipal governments and attributed to the influence of the dram shop. "The five largest Protestant denomina-

tions," said the lecturer, "can stop every le-galized dram shop in either Boston or New York, if they will only try to attend to their business on a strictly business basis, as the dram shops do. Let them keep open all day and late into the night, and offer light and music and fellowship to all comers-not to the pewholders alone, but to those who are too poor to own a pew. Pew rent has got to go if you are to save the souls of the tenementyou are to save the souls of the tenementhouse poor. I am tired of the cant of the saying 'saving souls.' The Church had better undertake to save men and women, as well as
souls. The churches should not only be free,
but there should be free entertainments, to
which the poor should have as hearty an invitation as regular attendants. There should be
a sort of employment bureau attached to each
church, so that when a member got out of employment the preacher might appeal for him."
The lecturer said he had himself pursued
this plan, and had found that it helped to save
the body of the man and invariably the man
hecame a warm adherent of the church. He
did not believe in little missions. They looked
too much like they were the cast-off salvation offerings of the church, and the poor had
a right to reject them. "As for himself," the
speaker added, with much feeling. "If I had
been brought up in the tenement districts, as
so many of my people were, I would have cursed the Christian God that could have so
neglected me." He closed with an earnest appeal to the Christian ministers present, representing so many wilely separated congregations, to take up in their churches, when they
go home, the subject as he had stated it.

The discourse was received with every manifestation of approval by those present, many
of whom are in charge of wealthy churches.
Among those who listened to it with much
satisfaction were Mr. and Mrs. Clalin of the
Forsyth Street Mission in New York city. ouse poor. I am tired of the cant of the say-

JIM SHEA HAS A PULL

He Gets Favors from the Administration, and Especially from Secretary Etkins.

NEWBURGH, Aug. 4 .- Jim Shea keeps the noorious resort in Highland Falls where several prize fights and dog fights have lately taken place. He formerly kept a saloon in this city. Many stories were told about what took place there, but the proprietor always oscaped the clutches of the police. This is the same Shea who has just demonstrated that he has a pull with Harrison's Secretary of War, Steve Elkins. Shea was a page for Elkins some time was introduced to Elkins by the late Senator Conkling, and while in Fikins's employ kept his eyes and cars open and his mouth closed. likins parted with him with regret apparently, and told him that if he ever needed a friend to communicate with him. On several occasions, it is said, Shen received favors from the Secretary of War, and the last one has just come to light. A soldier named Finnen was charged with stealing a cadet cap at West Point, He was tried by court martial, dishonorally discharged, and sentenced to hard work for three months, with forfeiture of pay, allowances, &c. It was the general impression that Finnen was innocent. There was no proof of guilt, except that he had a cap in his possession. Sheatook up the light for the soldier and applied to Eikhis for a commutation of sentence. The appeal was not in vain. The following letter was received a day of two ago:

Was Derasmiser, Wassession, July 28, 1882.

Dean Sia they again to refer to your letter of the 25th ditime, in behalf of Edward Finnen, former second-class private. Company E. Rattalino of Engineers, who was tried by general court that is let the charge of their and being convicted and sentenced to be dishonorably discharged the service, with forfeiture of pay and all allowances, and to be confined at had also for the period of three months. After a full myos dipy with your request, at least to the extent of remitting the unexecuted part of the sentence in the case, but as Edward Finnen has been dishonorably discharged the service by the action of the court martial, all that I can do is to release him from confinement, which will doubless comply with your wishes. I beg to say that friend to communicate with him. On several

Mr Janes Sava, Highland Falls, N. Y. Mr Jan Sara, Highland Falls, N. T.

Shea has been fortunate in another respect. When the loaves and fishes were being distributed recently by the Republicans in the Government departments in New York, he secured an interest in the trucking business at the Appraiser's office. For four years the combine will draw \$25,000 per year, and Jim will take his share. The new place will not interfere with his Highland Falls business.

THE ALFA INVESTIGATION.

Capt, Coleman and Crew of the Dimock Testify Regarding the Collision.

Boston, Aug. 4. The local Board of Steamboat Inspectors to-day began an inquiry into the sinking of the Vanderbilt racht Alva by the steamer Dimock, Capt. Coleman of the steamer placed his log in evidence, which showed that his vessel was creeping through the fog at a very slow rate when the collision securred. The Captain testified that the first officer was in the bow at the time and that he and the quartermaster were in the pilot house. He heard no signals, he declared, before the ollision. Just before his vessel struck the vacht he heard some one cry out: "Vessel right ahead." and the engineer was immediately signafied to reverse the engine. Witness never before saw a vessel anchored near the spot where the Alva lay. The sacht, Capt. colorman said, in order to get a good safe an-chorage, should have gone at least a mile from where she lay. Capt. Colorman said that the steamers whistle was blowing constantly. It was announced that any one representing the Aiva could cross-examine him, but no one came forward.

First Officer Baker testified that he saw the yacht about half a minute before the steamer

First Officer Baker testified that he saw the chi about half a minute before the steamer ruck her. He heard the sound of a small II, and thought it was a bell buoy. When he air heard the bell the steamer was upon the chit. Engineer lowe testified to having retired a signal to reverse his engines just before the steamer struck. A passenger on the Dimock correborated the main facts of the tes-timony of the officers.

There being no more witnesses present the hearing was adjourned. It will be reopened should any of the representatives of the yacht with to be heard.

ONLY \$3,500 FOR THE ALVA.

Mr. Vanderbilt's Great Yacht Sold as She William K. Vanderbilt's steam yacht Aiva,

sunk by the steamer Dimock in a dense fog in

Vineyard Sound on July 24, was sold vesterday at auction by Burdette & Dennis of 20 Burling slip. The bidding began at \$100 and wound up at \$3,500, which was offered by Perwound up at \$3,500, which was offered by Fer-tins a White, contractors, of 1 Bencon street, Boston.

Some of Perkins & White's competitors in the bidding were Commodore George W. Hall of the American Yacht Club and F. B. Datzell of the hoston Towboat Company. The effects of the passengers and crew of the Alva were not included in the sale, but the purchaser will be entitled to fifty nor cent, of all that he may recover from the sunken vessel. It is altogetion likely that Perkins & White will make a handsome profit out of their invest-ment, thaif the purchase money was paid im-mediately. The other half will be paid to-day, when Mr. Vanderbill's representative at the wreck will cease to guard it.

Possible Explanation of the Salisbury HAVERHILL, Mass., Aug. 4.-Landlord Mont-

gomery of the Cable House admits that he ad a preparation of insect powder in the house which may have accidentally got into the food and caused the recent deaths. One of the employees at the hotel said this afternoon that a preparation containing arsenic for kill-ing water bugs was kept in a pepper box in the house, and this box may have got on the table by mistake. State officers are still work-ing on the case. ing on the case.

Cangbt by a Cave-in. CAMDEN, Aug. 4 .- A clay bank at the Reaves

Terra Cotta Works, situated four miles from this city, caved in to-day, burying a number of laborers who were working in it. John R. Ross, one of the men, was killed. His body was ter-ribly mangled and his head was crushed.

Aucther Ruld on the Canadian Smugglers, Quenec, Aug. 4. Information has been received from Isle aux Coudres, the smugglers stronghold, to the effect that the cruiser Con-stance to-day made a fresh descent upon the place and seized twenty-nine cases of smug-gled brandy.

AGED MISS MOFFAI'S FUNERAL. She Left About \$75,000, and Her Kinfelk

May Fight for It. The funeral services of Miss Maria Moffat. the eccentric spinster who died, aged 70 years, at the Manhattan Hotel on Sunday, were held yesterday in the Memorial Baptist Church in yesterday in the Memorial Baptist Church in South Washington square. They were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Wiley, pastor of the Alexander Chapel in King street, Nearly all of the few people at the church were relatives of Miss Meffat. Among them were her nephew, John M. Quackenbos, Jr. of Brooklyn, Mr. Riley of Philadelphila, and Issac W. and H. Walter Brinockrhoff, cousins. Mrs. Brangwell and Miss Moffat, daughters of William Moffat, who was the dead woman's brother, were not present. They, with Mr. Quackenbos, are the next of kin to the late Miss Moffat, and as none of the three is mentioned in the will, which gives most of the property to charitable institutions, there is likely to be a contest. Mr. Quackenbos said yesterday that he had not yet decided whether or not he should contest the will.

Just how much the property amounts to is not known. Miss Moffat had at least \$60,000 ten years ago, and it is probable that at her death the amount had increased to \$75,000. Only a few thousand dollars of this money has been found. Lawyer C. F. Bauerdort of 115 Broadway, who is counsel for Charles Halbe, the executor of the will, said yesterday that the property was in the Manhattan Hotel and in certain safe deposit companies. He did not know how much of it there was, not having made an investigation. South Washington square. They were con-

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC-THIS DAY. Sun rises... 5 00 | Sun sets ... 7 10 | Moon rises. 1 31 | Mion warrs—rnis bay.

Sandy Hook. 4 57 | Gov. Island. 5 17 | Hell Gate. 7 07

Arrived-THURSDAY, Aug. 4. Sa Largo Law, Furneaux, London. Bs Venezueia, Hopkins, Curacoa,
Ss Thingwain, Laub, Stettin,
Ss Claribel, MacKinght, Baracoa,
Ss Claribel, MacKinght, Baracoa,
Ss Alert, Hange, Cardenas,
ta Niagara, Buriey, ha-nas,
Ss Camden, Hand, Philadeiphia,
Sa Oid Dominion, Couch, Richmend,
Ship Georg, Scholtz, Hamburg,
Bark Arcola, Johansen, Hamburg,

|For later arrivals ase First Page. ARRITED OUT Be Gellert, from New York, at Hamburg Se Faerat Blennrck, from New York, at Southampton, Se Werkendam, from New York, at Boulogue. Se Yumuri, from New York, at Havana, Se Worra, from New York, at Ganca.

PARTYD PROM PORMIGN PORTS. Sa Panama, from Havan for New York. Sa Orinoco, from Bermuda for New York. Sa Munchen, from Bromen for New York.

	Se Britaunic, from Queenstown for New York.		
	CUTGOING STEAMERIPS		
Ш	East Te-day.		
Н	Mails Class	Tessele Sal	
11	Alvens, Port Limon 11 00 A. M.	1:00 P. 3	
Ш	Cheroker, Charleston	8 00 P. X	
W	Rio Grande, Fernandina	8 00 P. X	
	Chattaboochee Savannah	8 00 P. S	
u	Chattanocenee, Savannad.	8 00 F. A	
P	La Tournine, Havre 12:30 A. M.	8:00 A. 3	
11	Fibe Bremen 2:00 A. M.	5 00 A. N	
m	Servia Liverpool 11 30 A. M.	8 00 P. S	
W	Arizona, Liverpool 12 00 M.	2 00 9	
Ш	Belgenland, Antwerp 1 30 P. M.	3 00 P. M	
	Funkasidam Uniteriam 1 and P. M.	8:30 P. N	
)][Dubbeldam, Sotterdam 1 30 P. M.	10:00 A. N	
ч	Fulda, Genoa	3 30 P. N	
П	Wieland, Hambourg	0.00 L/W	
Ш	Massachusetts, London	33306363	
	Prins Fredrick Hendrik,	1 00 P. N	
Н	linyti	1:00 P. X	
Н	Enchantress, Rio Janeiro, 12 00 M.	2:00 P. S	
n	Gregory, Para 1:00 P. M.	5 00 P 3	
U	Knickerbocker, New Orleans	8:00 P. N	
9	Nueces, Galveston	8:00 P. V	
89	Winthrop, St. John	5:00 P. M	
84	El Sud, New Orleans	8:00 P. 3	
П	Nacoochee, Savannah	8.00 P. N	
Ш	Practice, Cavannau	0.001.2	
u			
М	INCOMING STRANSHIPS.		
1	Due Toolay.		
31	HiberniaGibraltar	July 1	
	DidamAmsterdam	July 2	

Winthrop, St. John		5:00 P.
El sud, New Orleans.	*******	9 (W) P
Nacoochee, Savannah		8:00 P. 8:00 P.
Macoochee, Savannan	*******	0.00 F.
INCO	MING STEAMSBIFE.	
	Due Today	
Hibernia	Gibraltar	July
Didam	Amsterdam	July
Critic	Shields	July
City of Berlin	Liverpoot	July
Ft. Enoch	Liverpool	
Santiago	NAASSU	AUE.
Due !	Saturday, Aug. 6.	
La Rourgogne	Havre	July.
Sermannia	Hamburg	July
Normannia	Hall	July
Suevia	Havre	July
Critic	Dunden	July
	Sunday, Aug. 7.	
Umbria	Idvertical	Jule
Ethiopia	Glass. T	Luis
Bermuda	St Croly	July
Orthoco	Berniuda	Aur
	Monday, Aug. 8.	
Wisconsin	Manually, Aug. a.	Test or
Orizaba	Harana	
France	London	Iniv
Richmond Hill	London	July
Alvo	Port Limon	July
	Tursday, Aug. 9.	
Norwegian	Olaszas .	Tolo
Rhynland	Antwern	July
P. Caland	Amsterdam	Join
Manhattan	Livernool	July
Kalser Wilhelm II	Bremen	July
Kalser Wilhelm II	Kings on	Aur
	Vedneslav. Aug. 10.	Section 1
City of New York	Livernool	4.00
Spree.	Hraman	
Colombia	Colon	Aug
City of Washington	Havans	Aur.
Chicago	Antwerp	July
Chicago Exeter City	SWAUSER	July

Business Notices.

Mrs. Winslow's Southing Syrup for Children testhing softens the gums, reduces the inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

MARRIED.

AUCHTERIONIE-MARVIN,-At Newark, N. Ham J. Auchterionie to Laura B. Marvin. BACK US-SHERIDAN .- At Newark, N. J., July

23, 1892, by the Rev. D. Thomas McClyman, George F. Backus to Josephine Sheridan. BUDI-PAAP,—At Hobeken, N. J., July 10, 1892.

hy the Rev. J. Eudotph, J. F. R. Budi to Alwine M. E. Paap.

DRESSLEH-MEYER.-At Newark, N. J., July

14, 1892, by the Rev. William Riele, Edward Dress-ler to S. Meyer. FUCIEM-HEELM -At Newark, N.J., May 16, 1892, by the Rev. R. Katendahl, Huge Karl Fuchs to Elizabeth Heim.

LINES-VAN HISE-At Newark, N. J. Aug. 8. 1802, by the Rev. John M. Gwinnell, Horace W. Lines to Henrietta Van Hiss. MARTEN-GRAU.—At Newark, N. J. June 4.

1892, by the Rev R. Katendahl, Christopher Marten to Maria Grau. SATZ4-ER-MEYER,—At Hoboken, N. J., July 28, 1892, by the Rev. H. T. Beatty, Eugene Satzger to Anna Meyer.

SCHULTZ-JANSSEN.--At Hoboken, N. J., July 16, 1892, by the Rev. A. Richter, J. A. Schultz to Elise M. Janssen. TOURINGER PREBERT AL NAMED N J June 5, 1892, by the Rev. R. Katendahl, Ludwig Stockinger to Bortha Eachert.

to Rosey Brown. VORRATH-MULLER,-At Hoboken, N. J., July S. 1852, by the Rev. George C. F. Haas, George C. Vorrath to Wilhelmina G. Muller.

THOMPSON-BROWN,-At Newark, N. J., Aug.

DIED.

A I.F.X.A.N. DER-FL. URB, .- On Tuesday, Aug. 2, Nettie, wife of Christopher Fluhr and oldest daugh-ter of W. Alexander. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 350 East 42d st., Friday, Aug. 5, at 1 P. M. BRAUER.-On Aug. 2, 1892, at Hoboken, N. J.,

Maggie Braner, aged 24 years. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 503 Grand st., Hoboken, N. J., on Friday foremon at 8 o'clock and from Our Lady of Grace Church at b o'clock, BRENNEN.—On Aug. 5, 1892, at Newark, N J.

Edward J. Brennen, aged 28 years 6 months and 23 days. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from his 8 30 A. M. Interment at Cemetery of the Holy

BRETT.-On Tuesday, Aug. 2, Emily F. Brett. Funeral services at 187 Columbia lie ghts, Brooklyn. Friday, Aug. 5, at 1:30 P. M. CAMPBELL,-On Aug. 8, 1892, at Newark, N. J. Bridget Campbell. Notice of funeral hereafter.

ARTER .- Entered into rest Aug 4, 1892, Jarvis Livermore Carter, only son of ramuel Rawson and Julia Hamiin Carter, aged 84 years. Bervices at his late residence, 184 Bainbridge st. Brooklyn, Friday, Aug. 5, at 5 o'clock P. M. Inter-ment at Paris. Me. Z.U.M.—Un Wednesdar, Aug. 3, Mary Elizabeth, be-

level wife of Henry W. Clum and daughter of the inte E. J. Husband, M. D., of Greenpoint, L. I. COOK, On Aug. 4, 1892, at Jersey City, N. J., Wil-liam Cook, Jr., son of William and Mary Cook, aged

Friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, 45 Hudson st., on Friday afternoon, Aug 5, at 20 clock. Interment in Hudson county Catholic Cemetery. DAVIN .- Suddenly, on the 2d Inst., George E Davis

of the Eighth previnct police. Belatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his interesidence, 424 Am-sterdam av., on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, with-out further invitation. Interment at Greenwood. DIXON .- On Aug. 4, 1892, at Jersey City, N. J., Ed.

ward J. Dixon. ottoe of funeral hereafter. BOANF,-At Plainfield, N. J., on Tuesday, Aug. 2. 1802, Gertrude Kitzabeth, infant daughter of Charles E. and Laura Donne, aged 10 months. Funeral services at the residence of her parents, 45

DONNELLY. -- On Aug 3, 1892, at Orange, N. J., Farah A. Donnelly, aged 31 years.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral from her into residence, 25 Henry at,, Orange, on Friday, Aug. 5, at 2 P. M. Interment at St. John's Ceme-

tery, Orango, DUSEM E,-On Aug. 4, 1892, at Jorsey City, N. J., Henrietta M. Dubme, daugater of Adelaide and the late Martin Dubme. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DOUGLAS .- On Aug 2 1802, at Jersey City, N. J. Emma A. Douglas, aged 20 years 2 months and 20

Friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 108 Sussex at, on Thursday after noun at 3 o'clock. Interment at New York Bay

Cemetery. ECK.-()n Ang. 8, 1892, at Hoboken, N. J., Hierlands Eck, aged 48 years 11 months and 0 days. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from bis late residence, 203 4th st., on Friday forences, Aug. 5, at 10 o'clock. Interment at Weehawken

Uemetery. EICHLEM,-On Ang. 4, 1892, at Gollheim Rheinpair, Bavaria, Germany, John Eichler of Mor-risania, aged 62 years and 7 months.

PINCEL, Suddenly, Aug. 3, at Banksville, N. T., Caroline M. Finch. Funeral from her late treadence, Banksville, K. T., on Saturday at 12 o'clock. Carriages awaiting the arrival at Greenwich 9:03 train from New York. FIRSHER, -On Aug. 3, 1892, at Jersey City, N. J., Jo-

seph Fisher, aged 29 years.
Friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 3d st., on Friday, Aug. 5, at 2 F. M. F£.A.N.AGA.N.—On Aug. 3, 1802, at Sayville, Long-island, George W. Flanagan, son of Michael and Mary Ann Flanagan, aged 15 months.

File: SSN ER. On Aug. 4, 1892, at Jersey City, N. J. Lina Fleisener, wife of Christian Fielsener, aged 20 years and 0 months.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 37 Jackson at., on Saturday after-

noon, Aug. 6, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Woodland GUM M ER.—On Tuesday, Ang. 2, at 229 Bay st., Jersey City, N. J., Honor Gummer, aged 84 years. The remains were interred on Thursday, Aug. 4.

FALLEN MER M., At Jersey City, N. J., Aug. 2, 1892, William E. Hallenbeck, son of Mrs. B. F. Bris-ton aged 18 years. Friends are invited to attend the services at his late residence, 558 Summit av., on Friday evening

Aug. 5, at 8 o clock. Interment at convenience of the family. trima Heisa, aged To years.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 188 Washington at, on Friday, Aug. 5, at 2 P. M.

HEN SEY. -On Aug. 4, 1892, John Henry. Services will be held at 630 8th av. on Saturday at 3 o'clock P. M. Friends and members of Templar Lodge, No. 203, F. and A. M., are invited to be

present. Interment at Woodlawn. KERR,—At Jersey City, N. J., Aug. 2, 1892, William. G. Kerr, aged 34 years. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his father in-law, Hugh Matthews, 15 Glenwood av., on Friday evening, Aug. 5, at 8

LOWERY,-On Aug. 4. in Jersey City, N. J., John, beloved husband of Mary Lowery. Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late resi dence, 517 Greve at., on Saturday, Aug. 6, at 9:30 o'clock A. M.; thence to St. Michael's Church, where a solemn high mass will be offered for the happy re-

pose of his soul. LOWERY, -On Aug 4, 1892, at Jersey City, N. J., Notice of funeral hereafter. LANE.—On Aug. 3. Mildred Washington Berry, infant daughter of William Armistead and Marie Gordon Ford Lane.

M E.A.G.H S. H., -On Aug. 8, 1802, at Jersey City, N. J., Thomas F. Meagher, aged 33 years and 3 months.
Friends are invited to attend the funeral from his
late residence, 3103, 6th st., on Saturday afternoon, Aug. 6, at 2 o'click. McKIEHNAN, - On Aug. 8, 1892, at Jorsey City. K.

McKIEERNAN,—On Aug. 3, 1892, at Jorday City, R. J., Matthew McKiernan, agod 42 years.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

McMAHON.—On Wednesiay, Aug. 3, 1892, Annie
C., beloved wife of Patrick J. McMahon, after a short illiness, at her residence, 10 Ocean place, Brooklyn, in the 27th year of her age.

Funeral services on Friday, Aug. 5, at the Church of ht. Francis Desalle, at 9 A. M. NEWKIRK,—At Woodhaven, L. Wednesday, Aug. 3. Sadie II., infant daughter of H. H. and Minnie Newkirk, aged 7 weeks.

PEARSE, At Far Rocksway, L. I., on Aug. 4, 1892, Sarah Jane Pearse, widow of the late William H.

Funeral services at Presbyterian Church at Far Rockaway, on Saturday, Aug. 6, at 4 P. M Rockaws, on Saturday, Aug. 6, at 4 F. M. PIN B FI.L.,—On Aug. 3, 1892, at Newark, N. J., Wil-liam N. Findell, M. D., aged 54 years. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 1,120 Broad at, on Saturday, Aug. 6 at 10.50 A. M. Interment at Evergreen Cematery. Officers and members of St. John Lodge No. 1, F. and A. M., and Corinthian Council, No. 644, Royal Arcanum, are respectfully invited to attend.

QUIGLEY, On Wednesday, Aug 8, Francis, infant son of James J. and Maria Quigley. Funeral from parents' residence, 605 Vanderbill av., on Friday, Aug. 5, at 2 F. M. RICE, Lawrence Rice.

Funeral from his home, 2,184 2d av., on Friday at 9

A. M. Interment at Calvary Cametery. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. ROY, On Aug 3, 1802, at Jersey City, N. J., Lester Prummond Roy, only son of Arthur and Isabelle Roy, aged I year and 2 months. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from the

residence of his grandparents 60 West 50th at Bayonne, on Friday evening, Aug. 5, at 7, 80 o'clock-SCANNELL-LYNCH, -Suddenly, on Wednesday, Aug. 3, at her late residence, 608 McDonough at .. Brooklyn, Maggie E. Lynch, beloved wife of John

Funeral Saturday morning, Aug. 6, at 10:30 o'clock sharp, from Church of Our Lady of Good Counses, Putnam av., near Ralph av. Friends invited. SHEEMAN.—On Aug. 4, 1892, at Hoboken, N. J.,

Julia Shcehan, aged 23 years.
Friends are invited to attend the foneral from her late residence, 88 Mouroe st., on Saturday, Aug. d., at 8 o'clock. Interment at Hudson C. C. Cemetery. SH. E.L.Y -On Tuesday, Aug 2, Mary Skelly, widow of Thomas Skelly, in her 74th year. Funeral from her late residence, 560 Carlton av., Fri-day, Aug. 5, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Augustine's

Church, where a solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated. Relatives and friends are invited. SMETER -On Aug. 4, 1892, at Newark, N. J., William. A. Smith, aged 72 years.
Friends are invited to attend the funeral, also members of Masonic fraternity and Grandarmy posts, on Faturday, Aug. 0, at 4 0 clock. Interment at Ma.

Pleasant Cemetery. TURGES,-suddenly, on Tuesday, Aug. 2, in Brooklyn, Theodore sturges, in the 63d year of his age. Funeral services will be held at the Reformed Church on the Heights, Pierrepont st., near Monroe place,

to day at 10 o'clock. Friends are kindly requested not to send flowers. TILLOTHON -On Wednesday, Aug. 3, Charlotte & Tillotson, wife of Isaac Tillotson, in the 78th year

of her age. Funeral to day from her late residence, Lake Grove, TOWNSEND,—On Aug. 3, at Englewood, N. J.,
Annie I. Taylor, wife of George A. Townsend, aged
31 years.
Funeral on Friday, Aug. 5, at 1 o'clock. Train 11:50

A. M. from foot of Chambers at. VAN LOAN, -On Wednesday, 34 inst., George W. an Loan, son of Sarah A. and the late Isaac N.

Van Loan. Funeral services Friday, S.P. M., at the residence of his mother, 210 West 110th st. WEHER,-On Aug. 8, 1892, at Newark, N. J., Bline-betha Weber, wife of Jacob Weber, aged 63 years \$

months and 20 days. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 162 Polk st., on Friday, Aug. 5, tera-noon, at 6:80 o'clock. Interment at Comptery of the Holy Sepulchre.

WHEELER, On Aug. 8, 1892, at Newark, N. J., Julia Wheeler, daughter of Catherine and the late Patrick Wheeler, aged 20 years. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her brother in law, Joseph Nurnberger, 27 Oxford at, on Saturday, Aug. 6, at 8 30 o'clock

Interment at Cemetery of the Holy Repulchre. WHITE,-On Aug. 3, 1802, at Orange, N. J., Anna White, daughter of Elizabeth White, aged 25 years. Friends are invited to attend the funeral on Friday.

Aug. 5, at 2 o'clock P. M., and from Washington Street Baptist Church, Orange, N. J., at 2:30 P. M. WIENER .- On Aug. 1, 1802, at Newark, N. J. Simon Wiener, aged 53 years,
Friends are invited to attend the funeral from bia-late residence, 370 Washington et., on Friday, Aug.

5. at 2:30 o'clock P. M. Interment at Evergreen

BROWN'S CAMPHORATED SAPONA.
CEOUS DESTITABLE is the best took powder in the
world for preserving the teeth. REPRESHING AND
DELICIOUS. Teenly five cents a bottle.

Special Motices.

Men Bublications,

1 - Spancer - First Principles." Darwin's Works
1. Prector's "Other Worlds," Outset's "history of PRATT, 155 (the ap-East 4th at., Plainfield, N. J., on Friday, Aug. 5, at